

Getting to Postgrowth:

The Role of Mind- and Paradigm Shifts



Degrowth Conference 2014 Leipzig, 2-6th of September 2014

Structure of Presentation

- 1. Thinking Economies as Complex Living Systems
- 2. Understanding Large Scale System Transformations
- 3. The Role of Mindsets in System Transformations
- 4. Future Literacy: Driving System Change is Open to All of Us

1. Thinking Economies as Complex Living Systems

The Purpose of a System will Tell you About its Behaviour

Systems are dynamically self-stabilizing

units set out to achieve something

Each system is composed of

- Parts
- Connections &
- Purpose

determining its behaviour



Purpose of the Economic System Today: Gain

Language and Imaginary Indicating Development Aspirations







"Progress"

"Development"



"Return on Investment"



"Economic Success"



Deconstructing the Emergence of our System Today The Stark Utopia behind a Capitalist-Industrial Market System

- 1. The purpose for this system now seems "normal" but has once been an innovation: "nineteenth century civilization alone was economic in a different and distinctive sense, for it chose to base itself on a motive only rarely acknowledged as valid in the history of human societies, and certainly never before raised to the level of a justification of action and behavior in everyday life, namely gain." (Karl Polanyi, p.30)
- 2. The "matrix of the self-regulating market" became the ideal image for societal organization: "that is why the control of the economic system by the market is of overwhelming consequence to the whole organization of society: it means no less than the running of society as an adjunct to the market. Instead of the economy being embedded in social relations, social relations are embedded in the economic system." (Karl Polanyi, p.57)

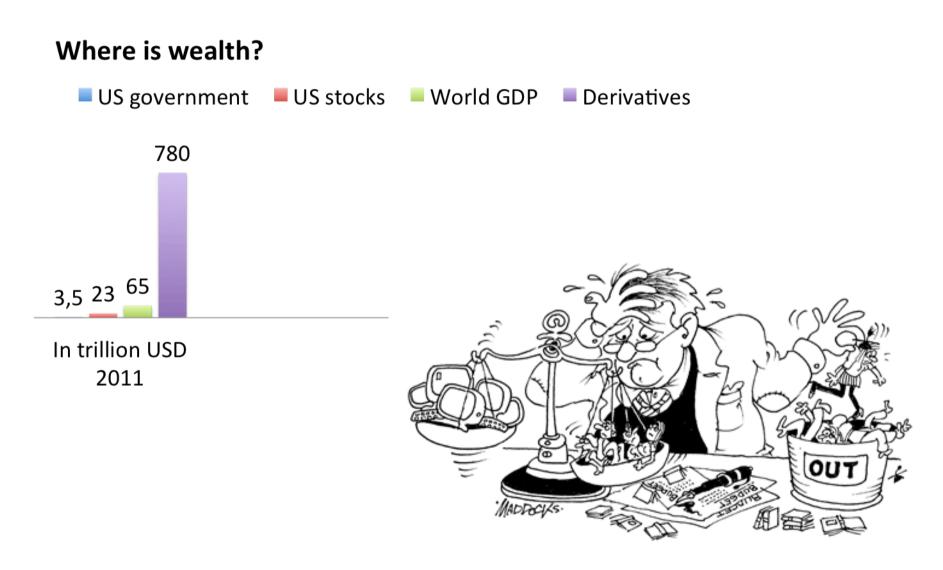
Debunking the Economized Jargon and its Scientific Concepts 1:

What is Hiding behind "Dematerialized Growth"?



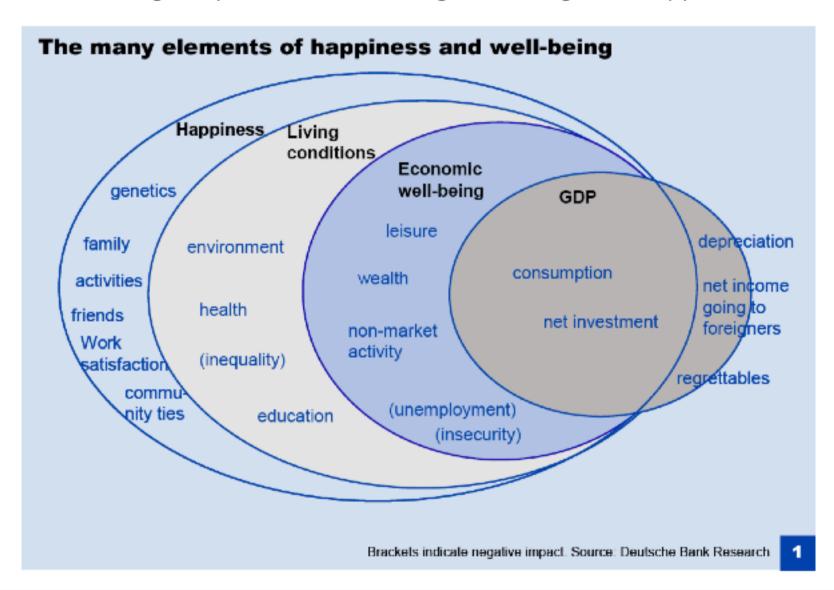
Debunking the Economized Jargon and its Scientific Concepts 2:

What is Hiding behind "Wealth" and "Productivity Gains"?



Debunking the Economized Jargon and its Scientific Concepts 3:

Does Growing Output Deliver Growing Wellbeing and Happiness?



Debunking the Economized Jargon and its Scientific Concepts 4:

Can Wellbeing and Happiness at all Grow forever?

Easterlin Paradox: Income and Happiness Decouple

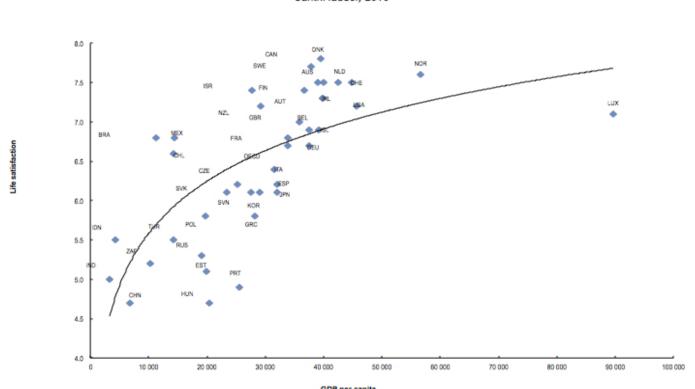


Figure 12.3. Life satisfaction versus GDP per capita Cantril ladder. 2010

More important: health, income security, relative rank in society, social relations,

Debunking the Economized Jargon and its Scientific Concepts 5:

What Does a Homo Economicus Culture and System do to Humans?

Comparative extrinsic value orientation reduces quality of life and increases anxiety and depression

TOO MANY PEOPLE SPEND MONEY THEY HAVEN'T EARNED TO BUY THINGS THEY DON'T WANT TO IMPRESS PEOPLE THEY DON'T LIKE.

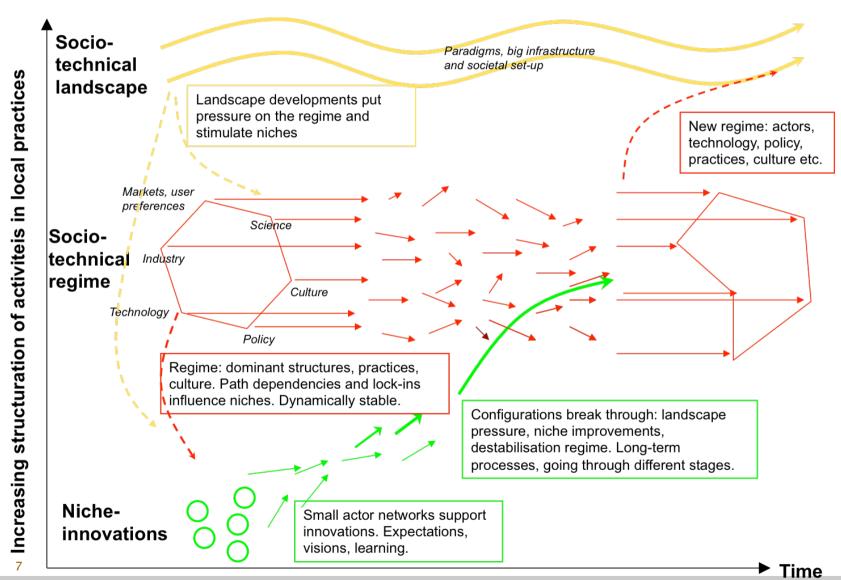
Cost-benefit lens reduces social-environmental responsibility and creative

performance



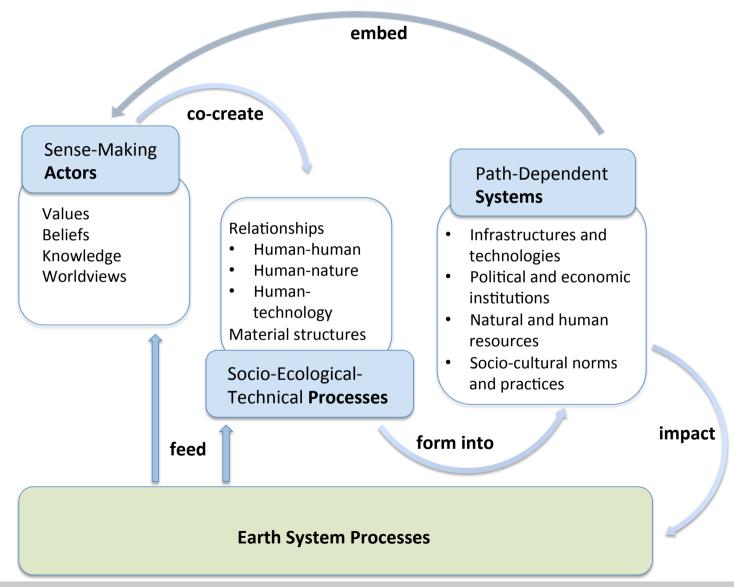
2. Understanding System Transformations

Multi-Level Perspective on Societal Development



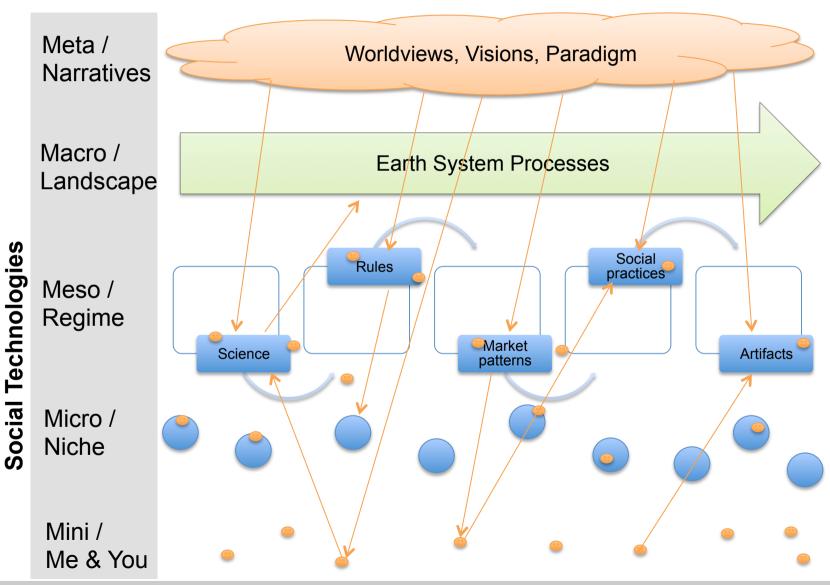
Hegemony: Mindsets & Cultures in Creating & Maintaining Systems

Ideas Become Path Dependencies in Future "Reality"



Paradigms and Purpose as Glue and Friction in Systems

Soft Power like Culture, Knowledge and Common Sense

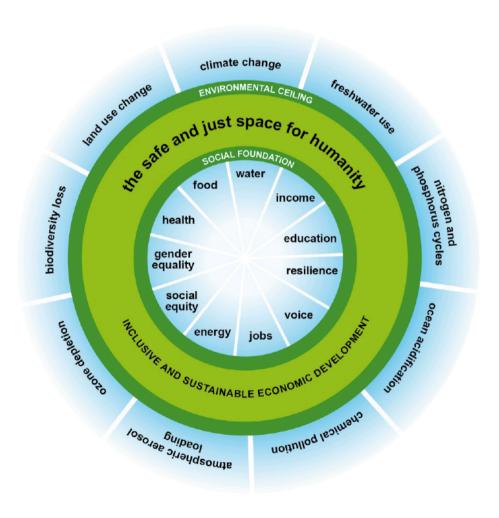


4. Future Literacy: Driving Transformative Change is Open to All of Us

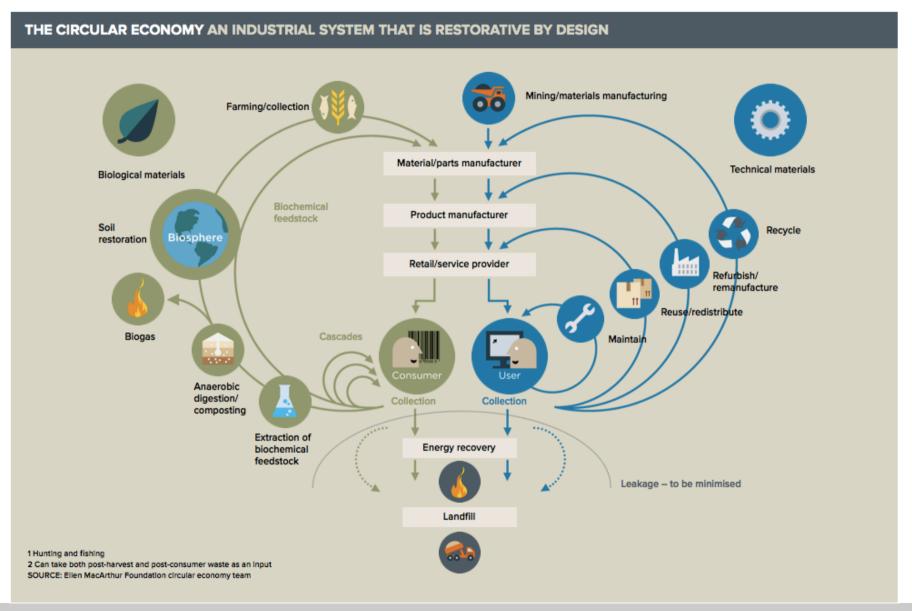
• "The complexity of these processes of transformation raises a number of questions, most notably about people's capacity to imagine futures that are not based on hidden, unexamined and sometimes flawed assumptions about present and past systems. 'Futures literacy' offers an approach that systematically exposes such blind spots, allowing us to experiment with novel frames for imagining the unknowable future, and on that basis, enabling us to critically reassess actions designed in the present."

(World Social Sciences Report 2013, p.8)

Imagining and Repurposing Progress and Development Goals



Imagining and Repurposing Material Economic Production



Imagining and Repurposing Productivity and Wealth Creation

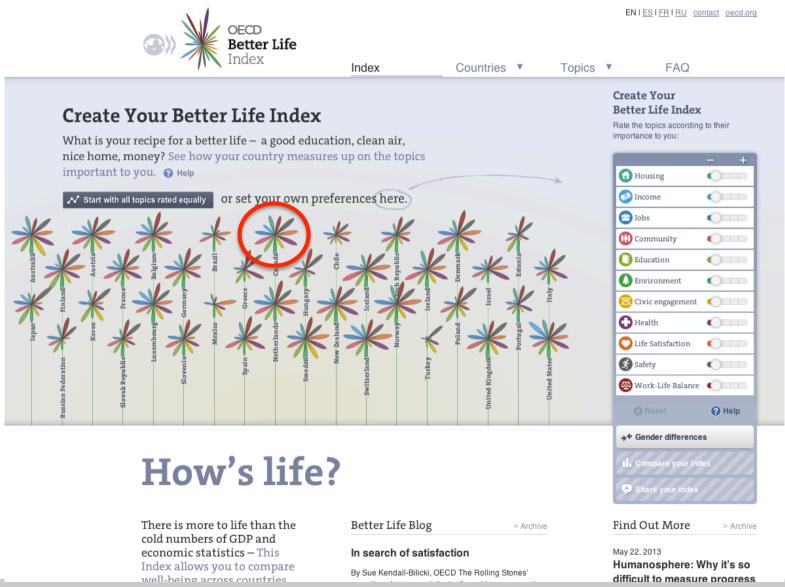




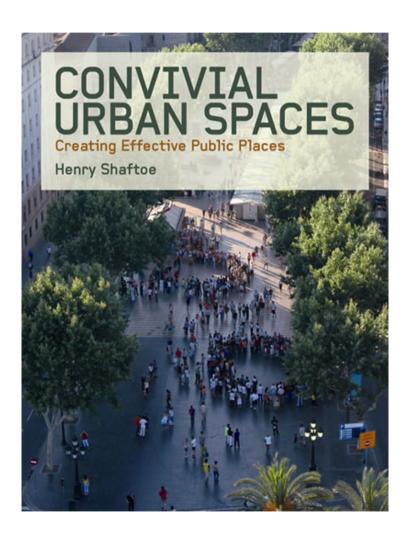
Commoning Principles

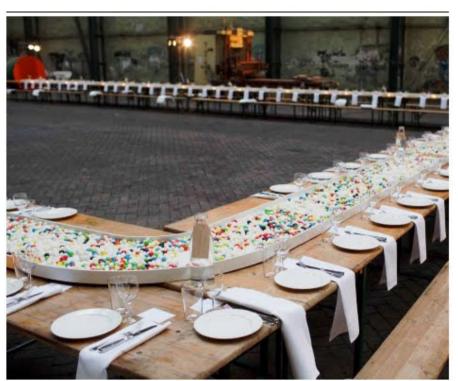
BALLE Principles(Business Alliance for Local Living Economies)

Imagining and Repurposing Wealth and Wellbeing



Imagining and Repurposing Good Life Goals and Values



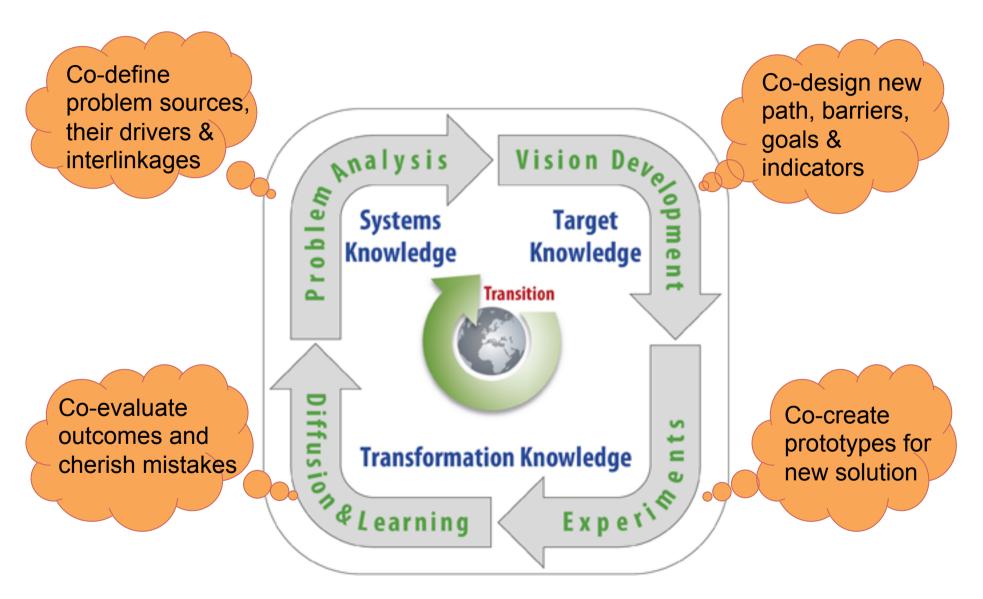


Conviviality Culture

Future Literacy: Reclaim Values and Principles to Shift Paradigms Common Mindsets of Pioneers Mainstream Economic Ones

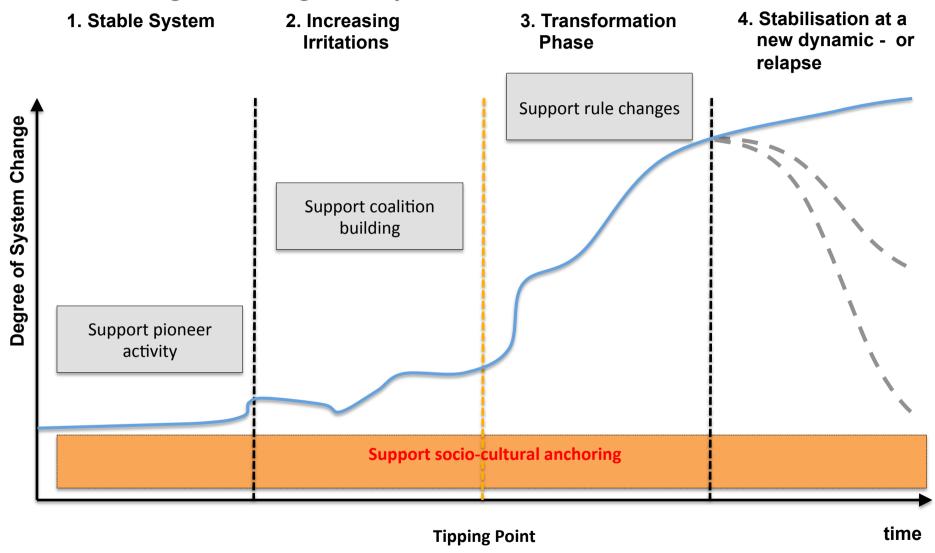
- A holistic understanding of human needs and *prosperity* beyond consumption
- Equitable and balanced progress of the whole socio-ecological system
- A vision of sufficiency and human security providing *freedom* from fear of falling behind in the race for more wealth and *freedom* from constantly created consumption-wants that impede wellbeing
- Growth in creativity, capacities, time wealth and conviviality in co-creative relationships
- A culture of respect, precaution and caring for what is already there

Shifting Mindsets as Drivers of System Transformation in Projects

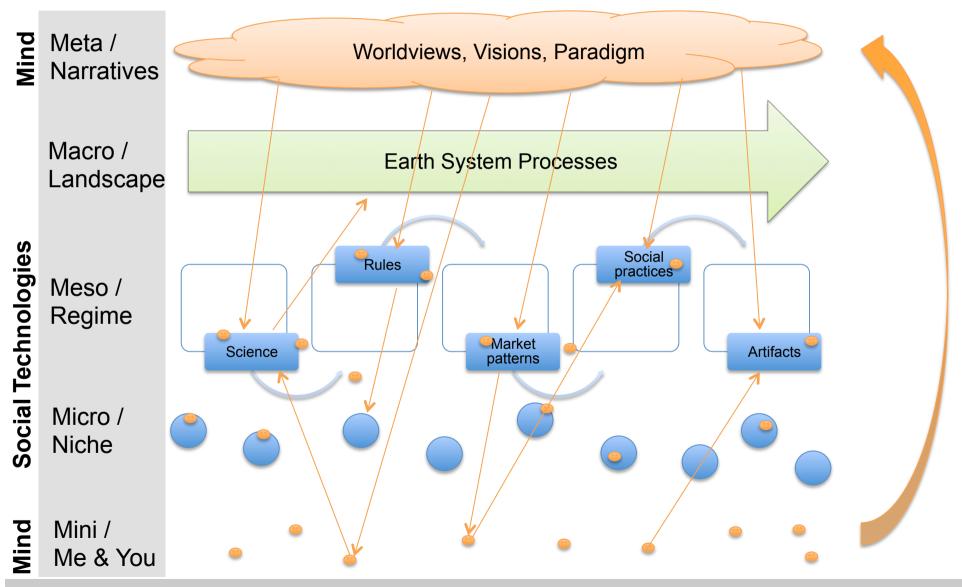


Shifting Mindsets as Drivers of Large Scale System Transformation

Niche-Regime Changes in System Transformations

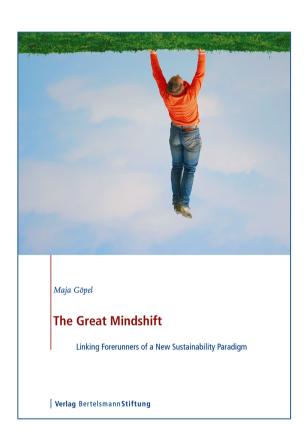


Mind Shifts: you are part of the change you want to see in the world



Thank You!



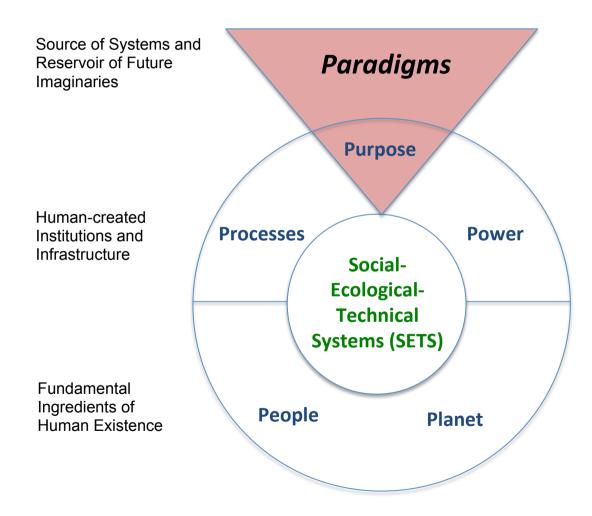




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Conceptualizing Pioneering Interventions

Assessing 6 P's That Make Systems Tick



Characteristics of System Transformation Processes

Transformational Change processes can be characterised by:

Intensity / Degree of Change

- a fundamental restructuring of the system
- a shift of predominant paradigms
- complex, non-linear change processes
- change in multiple dimensions (technological, institutional, cultural, social, economic, ecological)

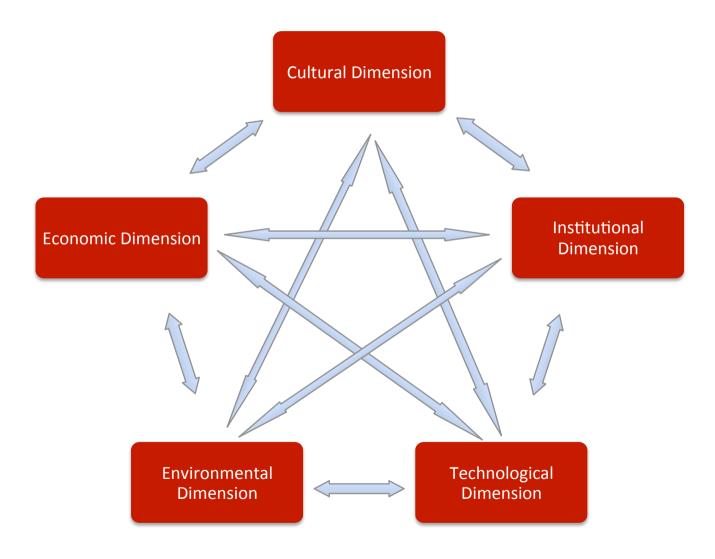
Social Dynamics

- pioneers with a vision of change at an early stage
- · emergence of new networks and coalitions
- conflicts as power structures change

Temporal Dynamics / Time Frame

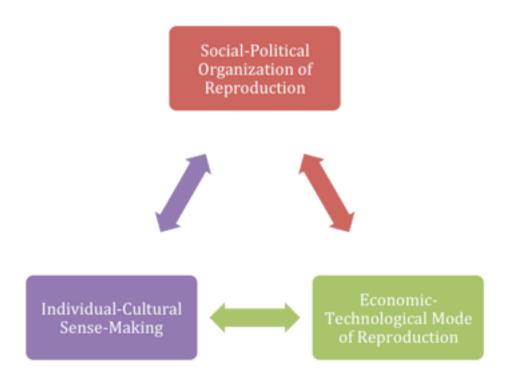
- long timespans (often more than a generation)
- gradual changes and incremental steps that add up to a systemic change
- tipping points where ongoing but less apparent change processes break the former stability of the system

Dimensions of Social-Ecological-Technical Systems



Transformative Literacy in Creating System Knowledge

Identifying Pathdependencies and Strategies to Unlock them



How to Transform Unsustainable Path Dependencies?

Change View and Indicators on what the System Should Deliver

